English

narratives and will

introduced to the

practise using finger

spaces. Children will

events and

celebrations using

adjectives. They will

learn how to write a

diary entry in role of a

Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2 Spring 1 **Prior Learning (EYFS) Prior Learning (EYFS) Prior Learning (EYFS)** Prior Learning (EYFS) **Prior Learning (EYFS) Prior Learning (EYFS)** Write simple Write simple Write simple Write simple Write simple Write simple sentences which sentences which sentences which sentences which sentences which sentences which can be read by themselves and themselves and themselves and themselves and themselves and themselves and others. (ELG) others. (ELG) others. (ELG) others. (ELG) others. (ELG) others. (ELG) **Texts: Traditional Tales Text: The Odd Egg** Festive Texts to link to **Text: Astro Girl** Text: Yeti and the Bird Text: Oi! Froq Little Red Riding Hood, our Theme: Let's Three Little Pias. Celebrate Knowledge Knowledge Goldilocks and the Knowledge Knowledge Dipal's Diwali, The Jolly Children will learn the Three Bears, The Children will know what Children will know what Children will learn about Christmas Postman. Gingerbread Man. Jack difference between eggs are and that friendship is and will be Cookie's Christmas rhyming words and find and the Beanstalk fiction and non-fiction Invention some animals lay them. able to identify rhyming animal-object texts. They will learn They will know how to characteristics of it in Knowledge pairs. They will Knowledge some of the features of identify some emotions Children will learn the story. Children will investigate who should Children will have a non-fiction text in a character and use know that the present about a variety of sit where through good understanding of including a contents these to explore tense is something that Traditional Tales. They reading the text and life events and learn page, headings etc and the story in greater is happening right now will have the develop this idea through true facts about use these to identify a depth. and that past tense is opportunity to compare role play. different festivals and non- fiction text. They something that the different texts and events. They will will also learn some Children will know what happened already. discuss their similarities understand other Skills simple facts about a thought bubble and a They will explore the and differences. They people's beliefs and Children will devise their space to use in their speech bubble are and suffixes used to will also be able to how different events own rhyming pairs of own non-fiction book. will use their writing express each tense and listen and read 'twists' are celebrated. animals and objects skills to write the will use these in their and more current Children will know what through sentence writing. Skills thoughts and words of writing. Children will versions of the an inventor is and use Children will learn to characters. They will They will also write their know how to write a Traditional Tales. their imagination to make predictions and will know what adjectives own version of the character create and describe learn how to use capital are and will begin to rhyming narrative. Skills description and will their own inventions. letters, full stops. use them to describe Children will create rule Children will learn how know how to give a question marks and feelings. They will know reason for how a posters and write to combine words to Skills exclamation marks to how to write a short character behaves. captions and labels. make sentences. They Children will be able to demarcate sentences. simple diary entry from will sequence write sentences to the perspective of the Skills **Text: The Night Pirates** sentences to form short describe different main character and will

Key Vocabulary

Astronaut, space,

fiction, contents

page, headings,

glossary

planets, fiction, non-

Children will continue

knowledge of making

sentences and using

basic punctuation.

to apply their

Knowledge

use their knowledge of

feelings to create this.

Children will learn to

Skills

Children will show an understanding of pirates and a treasure map.

concepts of capital letters, full stops and adjectives.

Key Vocabulary

Traditional tales, characters, sentence, conjunction, and, finger spaces, list, speech bubble, capital letters, full stops, question marks, exclamation marks.

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will build on their knowledge of basic punctuation to include commas in a list and apostrophes for singular possession. They will also be confident at recognising statements, questions, exclamations or commands.

character.

Key Vocabulary

Diwali, Christmas, festivals, celebration, belief, religion, invention, inventor, sentence, finger space, and, capital letter, I, name, question mark, exclamation mark, diary entry, character

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will build on their knowledge of role play to explore characters in greater depth. They will continue to use basic punctuation and will expand on this knowledge to include commas and apostrophes.

Text: The Magic Paintbrush

Knowledge

Children will

Future Learning (Y2)

Future learning (Yr2) Children will present facts about different endangered animals in a non-chronological order. They will build on this knowledge and begin to explore possessive apostrophes. Children will learn to use the conjunction 'because' and will also explore expanded noun phrases. They will learn to use adverbs to sequence and add cohesion.

Key Vocabulary

Yeti, bird, travel, friend, lost, apostrophe, belong, character, describe, adverb, sequence, adjective, noun phrase, suffix, apostrophe, capital letter, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark, finger spaces.

Text: The Nature Trail

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will learn to use the present and past tense consistently including some use of progressive forms. They will continue to develop the accuracy of their use of punctuation and will use adjectives, adverbs and various suffixes more confidently.

identify different eggs, exploring size, shape and patterns, and will learn to make predictions as to what animal the egg might belong to. Children will learn how to 'freeze frame' and using their knowledge of the characters, will be able to express a character's possible thoughts in a given moment.

Key Vocabulary

Egg, bird, baby, sad, excited, happy, worried, feeling, sentence, finger space, adjective, conjunction, thought bubble, speech bubble, full stop, capital letter, question mark, exclamation mark, proper noun, name, I.

Text: Billy and the Beast

Knowledge

Children will know how to write their own recipe inspired by a known story. They will know the features of a recipe.

Skills

Children will learn to use regular plural noun suffixes (-s, -es). They will learn how to combine words to form sentences and will They will use and follow a treasure map. They will learn how to be a good pirate and what their characteristics are.

Skills

Children will learn to write in role, writing letters, labels and captions. They will write a 'How to be a pirate' guide. They will develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.

Key Vocabulary

Caption, letter, label, guide, map, pirate, character, feeling, sentence, finger space, adjective.

	tinue to explore
'and' cont using and as w	ng the conjuction d'. They will also tinue to practise ng finger spaces I basic punctuation well as using capital ers for names and personal pronoun
Beas recip suffix conjust space lette name	v Vocabulary ast, animals, feast, pe, advice, story, iix, plural, sentence, junction, and, finger ces, full stop, capital er, proper noun, I, ne, question mark, lamation mark.
Child their suffix uses coor with will a know pund com	ure Learning (Y2) Idren will build on r knowledge of fixes and will learn to subordinating and rdinating conjunctions n confidence. They also expand on their wledge of basic actuation to include mas in a list and estrophes.

Year 1/Primary 2 Autumn 1: Phase 5					
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Assess and review week Y1:1	Review week Y1:2	Revise: /ai/ <ay> /ow/ <ou> /igh/ <ie> /ee/ <ea></ea></ie></ou></ay>	Revise: /oi/ <oy> /ur/ <ir> /(y)oo/ <ue> /or/ <aw></aw></ue></ir></oy>	Assess and review week Y1:3	Revise: /w/ <wh> /f/ <ph> /(y)oo/ <ew> /oa/ <oe></oe></ew></ph></wh>

	Year 1/Primary 2 Autumn 2: Phase 5						
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6		
Revise: /or/ <au> /ee/ <ey> /ai/ <a—e> /ee/ <e—e></e—e></a—e></ey></au>	Revise: /igh/ <i-e> /oa/ <o-e> /(y)oo/ <u-e> /s/ <c></c></u-e></o-e></i-e>	/ee/ <y> /or/ <al> (walk) Review week Y1:4</al></y>	Review week Y1:5	Assess and review week Y1:6	Review week Y1:7		
please, once	any, many, again	who, whole	where, two				

Year 1/Primary 2 Spring 1: Phase 5						
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	
Review week Y1:8	/ai/ <a> (acorn) /ai/ <ey> (they) /ai/ <ea> (great) /ai/ <eigh> (weight) /ar/ <a> (father) /ee/ <e> (he) /igh/ <i> (find)</i></e></eigh></ea></ey>	/oa/ <o> (go) /o/ <a> (was) /oo/ <u> (push) /y/+/oo/ <u> (music) /c/ <ch> (school) /sh/ <ch> (chef) /e/ <ea> (head)</ea></ch></ch></u></u></o>	/ur/ <or> (world) /ur/ <ear> (learn) /oo/ <ou> (soup) /oa/+/l/ <oul> (shoulder) /ee/ <ie> (brief) /v/ <ve> (have) /i/ <y> (gym)</y></ve></ie></oul></ou></ear></or>	Assess and review week Y1:9	/air/ <are> (care) /air/ <ere> (there) /air/ <ear> (pear) /ch/ <tch> (catch)</tch></ear></ere></are>	
		here, sugar, friend	because			

Year 1/Primary 2 Spring 2: Phase 5						
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	
/u/ <o> (brother) Review week Y1:10</o>	/j/ <g> (gem) /j/ <ge>(fringe) /j/ <dge> (bridge) /s/ <st> (listen)</st></dge></ge></g>	/s/ <ce> (fence) /s/ <se> (house) /n/ <gn> (sign) /n/ <kn> (knee) /r/ <wr> (wrap) /m/ <mb> (lamb)</mb></wr></kn></gn></se></ce>	/z/ <se> (cheese) /z/ <ze> (freeze) /ear/ <eer> (cheer) /ear/ <ere> (here) /sh/ <ti> (patient) /sh/ <ti> —tion (station)</ti></ti></ere></eer></ze></se>	Assess and review week Y1:11	/ar/ <al> (half) /or/ <augh> (caught) /sh/ <ss> (session) /zh/ <si> (vision) /sh/ <ti> —tious (scrumptious) /sh/ <ci> (delicious) —ous, —ion, —ian</ci></ti></si></ss></augh></al>	

Year 1/Primary 2 Summer 1: Phase 5					
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Review	Review	Review	Review	Review	Review

	Year 1/Primary 2 Summer 2				
Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
/s/ <sc> /n/<ne> /g/<gh> /g/<gu></gu></gh></ne></sc>	/u/ <ou> /f/<gh> /o/<ou> /u/<oo></oo></ou></gh></ou>	/oo/ <o> /h/<wh> /w/<u> /ee/<ei></ei></u></wh></o>	/ee/ <i> /oa/<ough> /ur/<our> /ur/<re></re></our></ough></i>	Review	/t/ <te> /or/<ar> /or/<oar> /or/<oor></oor></oar></ar></te>

Maths

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Number: Place Value (within 10)	Number: Addition & Subtraction (within 10) Cont'd	Number: Place Value (within 20)	Number: Place Value (within 50)	Number: Multiplication & Division	Geometry: Position and Direction
Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt to count numbers from 1- 20, and to place them in order, saying which number is one more or one less than a given number (ELG) Children will learn to sort objects in a variety of ways and then to count objects up to ten accurately, using 1-1 correspondence, understanding that the last number they count is the total amount. They will learn what zero looks like. Children will learn to represent quantities with	Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learned to add and subtract, using quantities and objects, 2 single-digit numbers, and to count on or back to find the answer (ELG) Children will be introduced to the part-whole model and the concept that a number can be partitioned into two or more parts. They will also be introduced to mathematical symbols (add, subtract and equal to). Children will explore in depth	Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt to count numbers from 1- 20, and to place them in order, saying which number is one more or one less than a given number (ELG) Children will build on their existing knowledge of counting forwards and backwards by introducing the numbers 11-20. They will explore the suffix 'teen' and what this tells us about a number. Children will also learn to write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. They will be	Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt to count numbers from 1-20, and to place them in order, saying which number is one more or one less than a given number (ELG) Children will begin this unit by learning to count forwards and backwards within 50 and numbers 21-50 will be explored in greater depth. They will learn about grouping in tens and their understanding of 1 ten being equal to 10 ones is reinforced. Children's knowledge of partitioning	Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learned to add and subtract, using quantities and objects, 2 single-digit numbers, and to count on or back to find the answer (ELG) They have also learnt to solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing (ELG). Children will continue to practise counting in 2s and 5s up to 50. They will apply previous learning of one more	Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have used everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems (ELG) Children will use appropriate language (see key vocab) to describe turns made by shapes/objects. They will also explore the key concepts of position and direction.
objects or pictures, and	number bonds within	introduced to the	will be built upon and	and one less to	<u>Key Vocabulary</u>

will develop their ability to continue a number sequence, counting forwards and backwards from a given number up to ten. They will be able to find consecutive and nonconsecutive missing numbers in sequences. They will explore the concepts of one more, one less, greater than, fewer and equal to.

Key Vocabulary

Sort, group, count, compare, one more, one less, greater than, fewer, equal to

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)

Number: Addition & Subtraction (within 10)

Prior Learning
(EYFS) Children have learned to add and subtract, using quantities and objects, 2 single-digit numbers, and to count on or back to find the answer (ELG)

Children will be introduced to the part-whole model and the

ten. They will learn to add and subtract, find a part, find the difference and explore fact families. They will also be exposed to the symbols < and > and =.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)
part, whole, total, add, equals, number sentence, same, different, partition, number bond,

systematic, compare, largest, smallest, ten frame, count on, take away, how many left

Future Learning (Y2)

Recall all number bonds to and within 10 and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships. They will also recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.

Geometry: Shape

Prior Learning

(EYFS)

Children have explored

concept of tens and ones and will explore counting one more and one less from a given number up to 20. They will compare and order groups of objects and numbers.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Count, 'teen', how many, same, different, tens, ones, one more, one less, digit, most, least, compare, zero, largest, greatest, smallest, symbol, amount

Future Learning (Y2)

Partition two-digit numbers into different

combinations of tens and ones using apparatus if needed.

Number: Addition & Subtraction (within 20)

Prior Learning
(EYFS) Children have learned to add and subtract, using quantities and objects, 2 single-digit numbers, and to count on or back to find the answer (ELG)

Children will explore adding by counting on

they will explore partitioning numbers up to 50 in greater depth. Children will use their knowledge of one more and one less to larger numbers. They will also compare objects and numbers and place numbers in order. Finally, children will build on their previous knowledge of counting in multiples of 2s and 5s, this time going up to 50.

Key Vocabulary

Grouping, count forwards, count back, tens, ones, digit, say, write, represent, partition, one more, one less, after, before, compare, more than, less than, equal to, largest, smallest,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will build upon this knowledge when they continue exploring numbers up to 100.

Measurement: Length and Height

Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have used everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare

backwards in 2s and will also learn to spot and discuss the patterns that occur when counting in 5s and 10s. Children will explore the concept of counting equal groups and then using equal groups of 2s, 5s or 10s to find a total within 50. Children will begin to make arrays by making equal groups and building them up in columns or rows. They will then explore doubling with numbers up to 20. Finally, children will explore making equal groups from a given total and recording their understanding in sentences, before moving on to the concept of sharing equally.

counting forwards and

Key Vocabulary

Two more, two less, counting forwards, counting backwards, pairs, patterns, groups, hundred square, equal groups, how many, same, different, arrays, columns, rows, difference, doubles, total, share equally

Future Learning

Full, half, quarter, three quarter, turn, facing, whole, left, right, forwards, backwards, top, in between, bottom, above, below,

Future Learning (Y2)
Children will use
mathematical

vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement.

. Number: Place Value

(to 100) Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have learnt to count numbers from 1-20, and to place them in order, saying which number is one more or one less than a given number (ELG)

Children will build on their previous learning of numbers to 50. They will continue grouping in 10s to make counting more efficient. Children will be introduced to the hundred square and will use it to count forwards and backwards within 100. Children will continue to explore partitioning and comparing tens and ones within given numbers and amounts. as well as ordering numbers.

concept that a number can be partitioned into two or more parts. They will also be introduced to mathematical symbols (add, subtract and equal to). Children will explore in depth number bonds within ten. They will learn to add and subtract, find a part, find the difference and explore fact families. They will also be exposed to the symbols < and > and =.

characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and have used mathematical language to describe them (ELG)

Children will learn to recognise, name and sort 2D and 3D shapes according to their properties, including type, size and colour.

Key Vocabulary

Cube, cylinder, cuboid, pyramid, cone, sphere, 3D, triangles, squares, rectangles, circles, 2D, surface, shape, same and different, pattern, core of the pattern

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. They will also identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces

and how it is more efficient to start from the largest number. They will use their knowledge of number bonds to ten to help them find number bonds to 20. Children will also learn to add by making ten first, reinforcing their knowledge of bonds. number They will then begin to explore subtraction and for the first time, will be introduced to subtraction where they have to cross ten. focusing on the stategy of partitioning to make ten. Children will explore the different structures of subtraction taking away, partitioning, difference. Finally, they will explore addition and subtraction fact families for numbers within 20 and will recognise that addition and subtraction are inverse operations.

Key Vocabulary

First, then, now, number bonds, partition, calculation, subtract, take away, add addition, ten frame, number line, bar model, difference, greater than, less than, quantities and objects and to solve problems (ELG)

Children will use and understand the language of length (see key vocab). They will learn that height is a type of length and will spend time comparing lengths and using appropriate vocabulary to describe what they see. They will begin measuring things using non-standard units, before building on this knowledge and applying it to measuring with a ruler and the concept of centimetres.

Key Vocabulary

Long, longer, short, shorter, tall, taller, length, describe, compare, height, equal to, measure, same, different, unit, straight line, ruler, centimetres, compare,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will choose and use appropriate standard units to measure length/height, mass, capacity to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, and measuring vessels. (Y2) Children will solve problems involving multiplication and division, using concrete materials and mental methods.

Number: Fractions

Prior Learning

(EYFS)

Children have solved problems, including doubling, halving and sharing (ELG)

Children will explore the concepts of a whole and a half, and will be introduced to the concept of a quarter for the first time.

Key Vocabulary

Half, whole, split, amount, quarters, parts, equal, unequal, quantity, how many, share equally,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will learn to recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4, and 3/4 or a length, shape, set of objects or quantity.

Finally, children will explore one more and one less with numbers or amounts to 100.

Key Vocabulary

Group, efficient, count, hundred square, compare, less than, greater than, equal to, largest, smallest, digit, most, bigger, biggest, larger, largest, smaller, smallest, least, one more, one less

Future Learning (Y2)

Use place value and number facts to solve problems.

Measurement: Time

Prior Learning

(EYFS)

Children have used everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems (ELG)

Children will use key vocabulary to describe, sort and order events that might occur during a day. They will then equal to

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will learn to add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including two digit numbers.

Measurement: Mass and Volume

Prior Learning (EYFS)

Uses everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems (ELG)

Children will be introduced to the concepts of weight/mass and capacity/volume for the first time. They will begin by using a variety of nonstandard units to measure and will then move on to comparing the mass or volume/capacity. Children will use appropriate language (see key vocab) and will then move onto using the corresponding inequality symbols.

Key Vocabulary
Heavy, light, heavier
than, lighter than,
scales,
balanced, weight,
mass, same as,
capacity, volume, full,
nearly full, empty,

move on to time relating to dates, exploring weeks, months and years. After that, children will be introduced to telling the time to the hour and half hour using an analogue clock. They will explore the differences between seconds, minutes and hours and how to measure time for various activities. Finally, children will compare amounts of time.

Key Vocabulary

Morning, afternoon, evening, before, after, first, next, days, months year, today, yesterday, tomorrow, analogue, time, o'clock, hour hand, minute hand, hour, half hour, seconds, minutes, hours, measure, compare, faster, slower,

Future Learning
(Y2) Children will
tell and write the
time to five minutes,
including
quarter past/to the hour
and draw the hands on
a clock face to show
these times.

Measurement: Money

Prior Learning (EYFS)

nearly empty,	Children have wood
nearly empty,	Children have used
Future Learning (V2)	everyday language to talk
Future Learning (Y2) Children will choose	about size, weight,
	capacity, position,
and use appropriate	distance, time and
standard units to	money to compare
measure	quantities and
length/height, mass,	objects and to solve
capacity to the nearest	problems (ELG)
appropriate unit, using	
rulers, scales, and	Children will recognise
measuring vessels.	and know the value of
	different denominations
	of coins. Children will
	use their knowledge of
	place value to match
	coins with equivalent
	values. They will also
	recognise and know
	the value of notes and
	will use their place
	value to see that one
	note can represent
	many coins.
	Finally, children will
	combine their
	knowledge of money
	with counting in 2s, 5s
	and 10s to count money
	more efficiently and
	compare amounts.
	oompare amounts.
	Key Vocabulary (new
	vocab in bold)
	Value, coin, note,
	pence, penny, p, £,
	amount, less than,
	greater than, equal to,
	Future Learning (VO)
	Future Learning (Y2)
	Find different
	combinations of coins
	that equal the same
	amounts of money.

Science

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Seasonal Changes	Everyday Materials	Animals & Humans	Animals & Humans	Plants	Plants Cont
			Cont		
Prior Learning (EYFS)	Prior Learning (EYFS)	Prior Learning		Prior Learning	Prior Learning
Children have talked	Children have explored	(EYFS) Children	Prior Learning	(EYFS) Children	(EYFS) Children have
about the features of	similarities and	have made	(EYFS) Children	have made	made observations of
their own	differences in relation	observations of	have made	observations of	animals and plants
immediate environment	to places, objects,	animals and plants	observations of	animals and plants	and explains why
and how environments	materials and living	and explains why	animals and plants	and explains why	some things occur,
might vary from one	things (ELG)	some things occur,	and explains why	some things occur,	and talk about
another. (ELG)		and talk about	some things occur,	and talk about	changes (ELG)
	<u>Skills</u>	changes (ELG)	and talk about	changes (ELG)	
<u>Skills</u>	Children will use their		changes (ELG)		<u>Skills</u>
Children will observe	senses and simple	<u>Skills</u>		<u>Skills</u>	Children will observe
change over time.	equipment (magnifying	Children can describe	<u>Skills</u>	Children will observe	change over time. They
They will use their	glasses, rulers etc).	some of the features of	Children will compare	change over time.	will use their senses and
senses and simple	They will describe,	an	and contrast their	They will use their	simple equipment
equipment .	compare, and contrast	animal and use these to	environment and the	senses and simple	(magnifying glasses,
(magnifying glasses,	their environment and	identify their type and	animals in it. They will	equipment	rulers etc). They will
rulers etc). They will	the objects in it based	name. Classify an	conduct simple	(magnifying glasses,	compare and
compare and contrast	on their simple physical	animal from information	enquiries and record	rulers etc). They will	contrast their
their	properties. They will	and their features.	the data collected.	compare and contrast	environment and the
environment and the	conduct simple	They will conduct	They will make drawing	their	objects/plants/animals
objects/plants/animals	enquiries including	simple research	and models of their	environment and the	in it. They will conduct
in it. They will conduct	research and	enquiries record the	ideas. They will find	objects/plants/animals	simple enquiries
simple enquiries	comparative tests and	data collected. They	and select information	in it. They will conduct	including research
including research and	record the data	will describe their	from a range of	simple enquiries	and comparative
pattern seeking and	collected. They will	observations and	sources.	including research	tests and record the
record the data collected	make drawing and	suggest	They will describe their	and comparative	data
in tables. They will make	models of their ideas.	reasons for an	observations and	tests and record the	collected. They will
drawings of their ideas.	They will describe their	observation. They will	suggest reasons for an	data collected. They	make drawing and
They will describe their	observations and	begin to evaluate the	observation. They will	will make drawing	models of their ideas.
observations and	suggest reasons for an	effectiveness of the	begin to evaluate the	and models of their	They will find and selec
suggest reasons for an	observation. They will	observations.	effectiveness of the	ideas. They will find	information from a
observation. They will	begin to evaluate the		observations.	and select	range of sources. They
begin to evaluate the	effectiveness of the	<u>Knowledge</u>		information from a	will describe their
effectiveness of the	observations.	Children can name types	<u>Knowledge</u>	range of sources.	observations and
observations.		of animals (including	Children can name a	They will describe	suggest reasons for an
	<u>Knowledge</u>	vertebrates,	variety of common	their observations	observation. They will
<u>Knowledge</u>	Children can name a	invertebrates, fish,	animals including fish,	and suggest reasons	begin to evaluate the
Children can name the	variety of everyday	amphibians, reptiles,	amphibians, reptiles,	for an observation.	effectiveness of the
seasons and put them	materials, including	birds and mammals)	birds and	They will begin to	observations.
in the correct order and	wood, plastic, glass,		mammals and say	evaluate the	

name the 3 months in each season. They can say what the weather will be like and how animals and plants behave in each season. They will name different types of weather and know day length is longer in the winter than the summer and that different parts of the world have different daylight hours. They can say the seasons are opposite in different hemispheres and know that England is in the northern hemisphere.

Key Vocabulary Celsius, Temperature, Thermometer, Season, Change, Rainfall. Centimetres. dormant. hemisphere, globe

Future Learning (Y2) Children will identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.

metal, water, and rock. They will know what a property of a material is and say what an object is and the material it is made from.

Key Vocabulary

Transparent, Solid. Property, Stretchy, Bouncy, Material, Elasticity. Plasticity, Object, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock. brick, paper, fabric, elastic, foil, card/cardboard, rubber. wool, clay, hard, soft, stiff, bendy, floppy, waterproof. absorbent, breaks/tears, rough, smooth, shiny, dull, see through, not see through.

Future Learning

Children will (Y2) identify and compare suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper, and cardboard for particular uses. They will also describe how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

and name some animals in each type. They will know the structure and features of a variety of common animals (fish. amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets)

Key Vocabulary Fin, Flipper, Tail, Fur, Milk, Classify, Features, Head, body, eyes, ears, mouth, teeth, leg, tail, wing, claw, fin, scales, feathers, fur, beak, paws, hooves, heart,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. They will find out about and describe the basic needs of animals. including humans, for survival (water, food and air). Children will also describe the importance for humans of exercise. eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. They will identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend

whether they are carnivores. herbivores, and omnivores. They can say what are carnivores, herbivores, and omnivores. They can name, the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense, name the five senses and name factors which affect taste.

Key Vocabulary Herbivore. carnivore, omnivore. Head. body, eyes, ears, mouth, teeth, leg, tail, wing, claw, fin, scales, feathers, fur, beak, paws, hooves, reptile, amphibian, Sense, Taste, Smell, Touch, Sight, Hearing, Eyesight, Ear, Eye, Mass, Weight, Perception,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will describe the basic needs of animals. including humans, for survival (water, food and air). They will understand that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. Children will also describe the

effectiveness of the observations.

Knowledge

Children can identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. They will list the conditions plants need to grow. identify some plants that have bulbs, and some that have seeds. They can say another type of plant that does not grow from seed or bulb.

Key Vocabulary Seed. Bulb. Tuber. Germination, Growth. Stem, Leaf, Flower, Root. Wild. plants. garden, plants, deciduous. evergreen. leaves. bud. flowers. blossom, petals, trunk. branches. fruit. vegetables,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy, and describe the impact of changing these. They will also observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants

Knowledge

Children can identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Children will identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.

Key Vocabulary Seed. Bulb. Tuber. Germination, Growth, Stem, Leaf, Flower, Root, Annual, Perennial, deciduous and evergreen, Celsius. Temperature. Thermometer.

Future Learning (Y2) Children will observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.

	on each other.	importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food,	
		and hygiene.	

History

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Gunpowder Plot		Dinosaurs/Mary A	Anning		Toys
Prior Learning (EYFS) Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class (ELG)		ween things in the past and now, drawing on their periences and what has been read in class (ELG) welledge ildren will know (in simple terms) why the powthat King James I was a protestant and Guy wkes and his co- conspirators were catholic. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class (ELG) Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class (ELG) Knowledge Children will understand in basic terms the significance that the discovery of coprolites had on the economy of Shillington. They will know who Mary Anning was and why her work is important.		things in the past a	YFS) ities and differences between nd now, drawing on their hat has been read in class (ELG)
Knowledge Children will know (in simple terms) why the Gunpowder plot happened. They will know that King James I was a protestant and Guy Fawkes and his co- conspirators were catholic.				Knowledge Children will be able to recognise some toys from the past. They will make links between toys (type toys, materials they were made from, who would have made the etc) and wealth (eg how rich or poor families wou have been etc).	
and compare	Gunpowder Plot on a timeline	_	o place the life of Mary Anning on spare to other periods studied and	<u>Skills</u>	to ask simple questions about the

events of the Gunpowder Plot. With support, begin to ask

simple questions about the past through the observation or handling of evidence/sources.

Key Vocabulary

Religion, Catholic, protestant

Future Learning (Yr2) Next year children will sequence the main events of the Great Fire of London.

sequence the main events of Mary Anning's life.

Key Vocabulary

Dinosaurs, coprolites, fossils, sequence, economy

Future Learning (Yr2) Children will place the lives of Monarchs studied on a timeline and compare to each other and sequence the main events of (monarch)'s life.

past through the observation or handling of evidence/sources.

Key Vocabulary

Toys, Victorian

Future Learning (Yr 2) Know that monarchs are wealthy and have a basic understanding of where their money comes from.

Geography

Spring 2 Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Summer 1 Summer 2 Map Skills Our School The Local Area and UK

Prior Learning (EYFS)

In Early Years, children have talked about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know that a globe is a 3D model of the planet Earth and that Earth spins at an angle. They will begin to understand that

all pieces of land and water on the Earth are slightly curved in real life, not flat. They will know that a map is a flattened version of a globe and understand scale on a simple level. They will learn that atlases are

simply a collection of maps in a book form.

Skills

Children will use a compass rose symbol on a map to identify the 4 cardinal

directions - N,S,E & W. They will learn to use a contents page to find a map they want and begin to explore what a key is.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Globe, 3D model, planet, Earth, spins, angle/tilted, whole world, land, water,

curved, flat, maps, flattened, scale, large scale, small scale, segments, shape,

countries, oceans, compass rose symbol, cardinal directions, North, South, East, West, atlas, collection, contents page, key, symbols

Future Learning (Y2)

Begin to understand which way North is on a globe (and therefore East, South and West) and how it always points towards the North Pole.

Prior Learning (EYFS)

In Early Years, children have talked about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will apply knowledge of cardinal directions and locational & directional language to describe the locations of features and routes on a map of the school.

Skills

Children will observe the school and its grounds and use simple methods to record some basic human and physical features. They will use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognize landmarks and basic human and physical features. Compare first- hand observations with those from aerial

photographs and plan perspectives. They will devise a simple map or plan including a key using basic symbols.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Know, local area, our school, ariel photograph, human, physical

Future Learning (Y2)

Devise a simple map (possibly from first-hand observations) including a key using symbols that build upon previous year.

Prior Learning (EYFS)

In Early Years, children have talked about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG)

Knowledge Learn/know about the local area through the

application of map skills, locational knowledge, its human and physical

characteristics and geographic skills and fieldwork. Children will learn the 4 countries of the UK, 4 capital cities of the UK and the 5 seas/oceans surrounding the UK. They will understand how some

places are linked to other places eg footpaths, roads, train lines etc.

Skills

Children will be able to apply map and atlas skills to obtain knowledge about the local area and the UK.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Cardinal directions.

Compass, North, south, east, west, near, far, left, right, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland (Ireland), London, Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast, Atlantic Ocean, North Sea, Irish Sea, Celtic Sea, English Channel, capital city, country, United Kingdom, flag, Union Jack, location, feature, route, roads, train lines, footpaths, sea, ocean

Future Learning (Y2) Children will compare and contrast two differing areas of the UK

Autumn 1 Fundamentals

Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have demonstrated strength, balance and coordination when playing (ELG) They have moved energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping, and climbing (ELG).

Knowledge

Children will learn that ending your knees will help you to change direction and if you swing your arms it will help you to run faster. They will know that landing on your feet helps you to balance and control.

Skills

Children will explore changing direction and dodging and move with some control and balance. Explore stability and landing safely and demonstrate control in take off and landing when jumping.

Key Vocabulary

Bend, direction, dodge, fast, hop, jog, jump, land, **ready position**, skip, challenge, swing

Autumn 2

Yoga Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have shown good control and coordination in large and small movements. (ELG) They have also moved confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will learn that if they focus on something still it will help them to balance and know that yoga helps to improve flexibility which we need in everyday tasks.

<u>Skills</u>

Children will perform balances and poses making their body tense, stretched and curled. They will explore poses and movements that challenge their flexibility and explore strength whilst transitioning from one pose to another.

Key Vocabulary

Balance, breath, copy, feel, focus, listen, pose, slowly, stretch, yoga flow

Future Learning

Spring 1 Dance

Prior Learning

(EYFS) Children have shown good control and co- ordination in large and small movements. (ELG). They have sung songs, made music and dance and experimented with ways of changing them. (ELG).

Knowledge

Children will learn that actions can be linked to create a dance and you can create fast and slow actions to show an idea. They will know that there are different directions and pathways within space.

<u>Skills</u>

Children will learn how to copy, remember and repeat actions to represent a theme and create their own actions in relation to a theme. They will explore varying speeds to represent an idea and explore pathways within my performance. They wull perform on their own and with others to an audience.

Key Vocabulary

Spring 2

Gymnastics Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have shown good control and coordination in large and small movements. (ELG) They have also moved confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know that balances should be held for 5 seconds and that they can use different shapes to roll. They will learn thatlanding on the balls of their feet helps them to land with control and that if they use a starting and finishing position, people will know when their sequence has begun and when it has ended.

Skills

Children will explore basic shapes straight, tuck, straddle, pike and perform balances making their body tense, stretched and curled. They will also explore barrel, straight and forward roll progressions and explore shape jumps including jumping off

Summer 1

Athletics Prior Learning

(EYFS) Children
have shown good
control and coordination in large
and
small movements. (ELG)
They have also moved
confidently in a range of
ways, safely negotiating
space. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will understand that if they swing their arms it will help them to run faster and know that landing on the balls of their feet helps them to land with control. They will know that if they bend their knees it will help them to jump further and that stepping forward with the opposite foot to hand will help them to throw further.

Skills

Children will explore running at different speeds and develop balance whilst jumping and landing. They will also explore hopping jumping and leaping for distance, as well as throwing for distance and accuracy.

Summer 2

Striking and Fielding

Prior Learning
(EYFS) Children have shown good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. (ELG) They have also moved confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children understand that the harder they strike, the further the ball will travel and will know that throwing the ball back is quicker than running with it. They will know to watch the ball as it comes towards them and understand that tactics can help them when playing games.

<u>Skills</u>

The children will explore striking a ball with their hand and equipment and develop tracking and retrieving a ball. They will explore technique when throwing over and underarm and develop co- ordination and technique when catching.

(year 2)

Children will show increased awareness of extension in poses and demonstrate increased control in performing poses.

Ball Skills

Prior Learning EYFS Children

have also negotiated space and obstacles safely, with consideration for himself/herself and others (ELG).

Knowledge

Children will learn to watch the ball as it comes towards them and move their feet to get in the line with the ball. They'll learn that moving with a ball is called dribbling and you can dribble with your hands and with your feet.

Skills

Children will learn to roll and throw with some accuracy towards a target and begin to catch with two hands, also after a bounce. They will track a ball being sent directly and explore dribbling with hands and feet.

Action, balance, beat, copy, **counts**, direction, fast, level, **pathway**, **pose**, **timing**

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will explore working with a partner using unison, matching and mirroring.

Games

Prior Learning (EYFS)

Children have shown good control and coordination in large and small movements. (ELG) They have also moved confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (ELG)

<u>Knowledge</u>

Children will know which type of throw to use for distance and accuracy and know that their body position will affect the accuracy of their throw. They will know that tactics can help them when playing games and that rules help us to play fairly.

<u>Skills</u>

Children will explore technique when throwing overarm and underarm towards a target.

low apparatus.

Key Vocabulary

Action, balance, control, direction, jump, level, point, roll, shape, speed, squeeze, star, straight, travel, tuck jump, straddle, pike, barrel roll, forward roll

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will learn to work safely with and around others and whilst using apparatus. They will also develop skills of jumping, rolling, balancing and travelling.

Invasion Games

Prior Learning (EVES) Children

(EYFS) Children have shown good control and co- ordination in large and small movements. (ELG) They have also moved confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know to look at their partner before sending the ball and know that moving with a ball is called dribbling. They will understand that being in a good space helps us to pass the ball.

Key Vocabulary

Balance, bend, control, direction, further, hop, jog, jump, leap, overarm, quickly, safely, target, time, underarm

Future Learning (Y2) Children will develop the

sprinting action.

Key Vocabulary Batter, batting, bowl, bowler, fielder, fielding, hit, out, underarm, overarm, track

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will develop skills such as running at different speeds, jumping and throwing. They will also engage in performing skills and measuring performance, competing

Key Vocabulary Catch, control, dribble, roll, safely, score, space, soft, swing, target, track, underarm Future Learning (year 2) Children will know to keep my head up when dribbling to see space/opponents.	Key Vocabulary Distance, further, overarm, underarm, point, swing Future Learning (year 2) Children will develop striking a ball with equipment with some consistency.	Skills Children will explore sending, receiving and dribbling with hands and feet to a partner. They will recognise good space when playing games and explore changing direction to move away from a partner. Key Vocabulary	
		Attacker, defender, dodge, goal, marking, points, space	
		Future Learning (year 2) Children will explore staying close to other players to try and stop them getting the ball.	

Computing

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Programmable rok	oots - Coding	E Safety	Using laptops	Coding	Creating Digital
					Content
Prior Learning EY	FS Children have learnt that a	Prior Learning EYFS	Prior Learning EYFS	Prior Learning EYFS	
range of technology	is used in places such as homes	Children have learnt	Children have learnt	Children have learnt	Prior Learning EYFS
and schools (ELG)		that a range of	that a range of	that a range of	Children have learnt
The have also learn	t how to Select and use	technology is used in	technology is used in	technology is used in	that a range of
technology for partic	cular purposes (ELG).	places such as homes	places such as homes	places such as homes	technology is used in
		and schools (ELG)	and schools (ELG)	and schools (ELG) The	places such as homes
<u>Knowledge</u>		The have also learnt	The have also learnt	have also learnt how to	and schools (ELG) The
Children will know w	vhat an algorithm is and will	how to Select and use	how to Select and use	Select and use	have also learnt how to
explore the concept	ts of coding through apps such as	technology for	technology for	technology for	Select and use
Tynker and Scratch	Jnr.	particular purposes	particular purposes	particular purposes	technology for particular
		(ELG).	(ELG).	(ELG).	purposes (ELG).
<u>Skills</u>					
Children will be able	e to	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>
		Children will know		Children will know what	Children will know how

create simple algorithms to meet a set goal, and will be able to anticipate which instructions they will need to give to succeed.

Key Vocabulary Algorithm, instruction, program, actor, costume, code.

Future Learning (year 2) Children will create simple programs. They will learn how to debug such programs by using reasoning to predict the actions instructed by the code.

what it means to be 'safe' when using the internet and will understand the consequences and potential outcomes of not adhering to internet safety rules.

Skills

Children will be able to take part in conversations about internet safety and will be able to use appropriate vocabulary to explain their knowledge.

Key Vocabulary

Name, date, owner, text, paint, portrait, toolbar, copyright. save, folder, search, type, safe, filter. google, search engine, image, keyboard, meet, accept, reliable, tell, trusted, adult, information, personal, key, question, share, stranger, danger, email, internet, subject, address. communicate. sender, online, digital, SMART, accept,

Future Learning (year

2) Children will learn to use technology safely and keep personal information private

Children will know how to log onto a laptop. They will know how to operate the keyboard and mousepad, and how to open programs such as 'Paint' and 'Word'.

Skills

Find the buttons they need on a keyboard Know capital/lowercase letter correspondence Be able to input a username and password in order to 'log on' Be able to move cursor around the screen with a mousepad Explore 'left click' (and 'right click') on the mouse pad Be able to 'drag' something across the screen (through simultaneous left click and mousepad use) Be able to 'double click' on a program to open it.

Key Vocabulary

Mousepad, left click, (right click), drag, open, close, keyboard, capital letter, lowercase letter, username, password, buttons, program, log on, enter, spacebar

Future Learning (year

an algorithm is and will explore the concepts of coding through apps such as Tvnker and Scratch Jnr.

Skills

Children will be able to create simple algorithms to meet a set goal, and will be able to anticipate which instructions they will need to give to succeed.

Key Vocabulary

Algorithm, instruction, program, actor, costume, code,

Future Learning (year

2) Children will create simple programs. They will learn how to debug such programs by using reasoning to predict the actions instructed by the code.

to use 'Word' to create a purposeful document. Children will know how to use 'Paint' to create digital media.

Skills

Children will be able to type on a keyboard including the use of symbols, save files, edit and format text and also format font.

Key Vocabulary

Keyboard, type, key, shift, space bar, enter, return, symbol, folder, save. backspace. delete, arrow, enter, undo, redo, select, format, bold, italics, underline, font, size, colour

Future Learning (year

2) Children will use technology purposefully to create digital content, comparing the benefits of different programs. They will also recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.

	2) Children will use technology purposefully to create digital content, comparing the benefits of different programs.
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Art

Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2

Still Life (drawing and painting)

Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have safely used and explored a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. (ELG). They have also learned to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role-play and stories. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know facts about an artist (Picasso) and what 'still life' means. They will know how to look at a painting to search for use of line and shape and will be able to use this knowledge to create a still life piece of their own.

They will begin to know about the 7 elements of art and how they can be used in their own work.

<u>Skills</u>

Children will learn to mix paint to create lighter and darker shades of different colours. They will learn to look for shapes in a

painting and will learn the skills of how to really 'look' at a painting. Children will learn to discuss their likes and dislikes about what they see in the painting and form opinions. They will learn the basic skills of pencil and brush work and explore the 7 elements of art.

Key Vocabulary

Surrealism/Abstract (Sculpture/3D)

<u>Prior Learning (EYFS)</u> Children have safely used and explored a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. (ELG). They have also learned to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role-play and stories. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know facts about an artist and will be able to compare artist and their work with what they learnt last term. They will know what surrealism and abstract mean and will continue to explore the 7 elements of art (particularly shape and form). They will know what a sculpture is and how sculptures are made in different ways.

Skills

Children will begin to learn to manipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways and the effect such manipulation can have.

They will also begin to experiment with, construct and join recycled, natural and man-made materials to produce an abstract/surrealist effect. Children will also use their pencil skills and knowledge of some elements of art to plan and design a sculpture.

Key Vocabulary Knead, roll, shape,

Modern/Pop Art (Printing/Collage)

<u>Prior Learning (EYFS)</u> Children have safely used and explored a variety of materials, tools and techniques,

experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. (ELG).

They have also learned to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role-play and stories. (ELG)

Knowledge

Children will know facts about an artist and will be able to compare artist and their work with what they learnt in previous terms. They will know what Modern Art and Pop Art

are and will continue to

explore the 7 elements of art through the mediums of printing and collage.

Skills

Children will explore making marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and manmade. They will

learn how to make rubbings and will build a repeating pattern. They will also learn to recognise pattern in the environment. Children will explore collage through folding,

crumpling, tearing and overlapping different media to achieve the desired effect.

Artist, painting/drawing/sculpture etc, Similarity, difference, fact, artist, painting/sculpture etc, tools, line, bold/thick, thin, wavy, straight, broken, zigzag, spiral, pencil-grip, pressure, texture/physical texture, smooth, rough, crinkly, bumpy, shiny, soft, hard, describe, name, match, rubbing, represent, pencil grip, pressure, value, light, dark, shading, back and forth shading, shape, geometric shape, recognize, space, size, smaller/far away, larger/closer, position, background, middleground, foreground, element, brush, dab, smooth, wash, sponge, stipple, stroe, lines, blobs, dots, dashes, thin, primary colours, tints, shades, Future Learning Children will experiment with tones using pencils, chalk or charcoal.

They will represent things observed, remembered or imagined using colour/tools in two and three

sculpture, clay, playdough, construct, recycled, natural, man-made, abstract, surrealism, Artist, painting/drawing/sculpture etc, Similarity, difference, fact, artist. painting/sculpture etc, plan, design, colour,

Future Learning

Children will continue to experiment with construction and 3D form using a variety of materials and will display more confidence with their use of shape and form.

Key Vocabulary

Print, man-made, natural, rubbing, pattern, repeating pattern, fold, crumple, tear, overlap, paper, paint, pencil, pop art, modern art, element, shape, colour, line, space,

Future Learning

Children will use a variety of techniques such as carbon printing, relief, press and fabric printing and rubbings. They will be able to make textured collages from a variety of media and by folding, crumpling and tearing materials.

Design Technology

Knowledge

dimensions

Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2 Materials, Structures and Mechanisms **Food and Nutrition Textiles** Prior Learning (EYFS)Children will have used what Prior Learning (EYFS) Children will have used **Prior Learning (EYFS)** they have learnt about media and materials in what they have learnt about media and materials in Children will have learnt original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. the importance for good health, of physical exercise (ELG) They will have safely used and explored a (ELG) They will have safely used and explored a and a healthy diet, and will have talked about ways to keep healthy and safe. (ELG) They will have also variety of materials, tools and techniques, variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and experimenting with colour, design, represented their own ideas, thoughts and feelings texture, form and function, (ELG) Children will have function. (ELG) Children will have also represented through design and technology. also represented their own ideas, thoughts and their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through feelings through design and technology. design and technology. Skills Children will learn to describe textures of a variety of Skills vegetables that they taste and will also be able to Skills Children will begin to learn how to use a ruler to Children will begin to learn how to use a ruler to describe differences between some food groups (eatwell plate). They will learn how to cut, peel measure. They will also begin to learn how to use a measure. They will also begin to learn how to use pair of scissors safely and effectively. They will a pair of scissors safely and effectively. They will safely. Children will also learn how to design a dish explore different ways that materials can be joined explore different ways that fabrics can be joined, and will prepare it safely, using safe methods. and how to use a slide for certain effects. They will including using a needle and thread and different be taught to think about if something has worked types of stitches. Children will be taught to think

Children will know that some food comes from plants and others from animals. They will know the importance of good hygiene habits when working with food. They will also know the value of each food group from the eatwell plate and will begin to explore which group different ingredients they use belong to. Children will know how to design, prepare, make, present and evaluate a dish (crudites)

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Texture: chewy, soft, creamy, crunchy, crumbly, juicy, fluffy, Taste: sweet, fresh, sharp, bitter, Method: Cut, peel, chop, measure, wash, Equipment:, knife, chopping board, spoon, peeler, apron, plate Crudites, design, make, prepare, present, evaluate,

Future Learning (Y2) Children will learn to understand the need for a variety of food in a diet. They will learn that all food has to be farmed, grown wider range of cookery techniques to prepare food safely.or caught and will use a wider range of cookery techniques to prepare food safely.

Autumn 2

well, and when something could be better. This will allow them to appropriately evaluate their work and make suggestions for improvement.

Knowledge

Children will know the names of different materials and will understand the differences they find in their properties. They will also know ways to make some materials stronger.

Children will know what a slide mechanism is and

Children will know what a slide mechanism is and how they can use this to make a moving picture.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)
Mechanism, moving picture, cut, measure,

Future Learning (Y2)

Spring 1

Children will choose appropriate tools, equipment, techniques and materials from a wide range. They will safely measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components using a range of tools and will explore and use mechanisms such as levers, sliders, wheels and axles in his/her products.

about if something has worked well, and when something could be better. This will allow them to appropriately evaluate their work and make suggestions for the best way forward and for improvement.

Knowledge

Children will know the properties of different fabrics and the differences between them. They will know how to sew a pattern using a needle and thread and will understand how to use running stitch and cross stitch. They will know how to use their designs to recreate their ideas in fabric and will know the correct way to use scissors and needles to help them complete their project.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Fabric, needle, yarn, running stitch, cross Stitch, design, measure, cut, scissors, ruler, evaluate,

Future Learning (Y2)

Summer 1

Children will design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. They will safely measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components using a range of tools

Summer 2

<u>Music</u>

Autumn 1

	/ to to	, to to =		op8 =		
	Christmas Performance		In the Groove!		Your imagination	
	Prior Learning (EYFS) Ch songs, rhymes, poems, and awareness of pitch and me Christmas production and h time with music. (ELG). The	d story, showing some lody, with others in a nave moved/danced in		red singing songs, making xperimenting with ways of		xplored singing songs, making nd experimenting with ways of
	engaged in using simple insto perform in a group (ELG		Skills Children will listen to ar and express how it mak	nd appraise a range of music es them feel.		n how they feel about the songs, complex emotional literacy and may
Knowledge Children will know the importance of good posture when singing and why following a conductor helps to sing musically and in unison. They will understand that		Children will increasingl terminology to describe		link these feelings to Children will increase	o personal experiences. singly use the correct cribe the songs. Children will be	

Spring 2

projecting a voice is not shouting.

They will know a performance is sharing music with other people called an audience.

Skills

Children will listen to music with sustained concentration and discuss their feelings and emotions linked to the different pieces of music. Children will find the pulse of the music. They will sing songs musically and begin to apply their understanding of tempo, dynamics, rhythm, pitch when performing. They will begin to show how to warm up their voice and demonstrate good postures when singing. They will learn the words of songs to sing in unison and begin to follow the guidance of a conductor. They will begin to show awareness of others, including the audience when singing and learn how to project their voices.

Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rhyme, dynamics, tempo, melody, project, conductor, raps and chants.

<u>Future Learning (Y2)</u> Children will sing a song in two parts with increasing expression and play instruments using the correct techniques with respect.

rhythm using clapping and voice, showing some awareness of pitch. They will perform a song and play instrumental parts

within the song. They will improvise using their voices and instruments.

Knowledge

Children will know that music can be arranged in different styles, which have different musical features. They will know what the songs heard are about. Children will know that music has a steady pulse and that we can create rhythms from words, names etc. They will know the words to a song from memory and learn the names and sounds of different instruments (percussion).

Key Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rhyme, dynamics, tempo, melody, project, conductor, improvise Blues, Baroque, Latin, Bhangra, Folk and Funk

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will begin to describe a piece of music using a developing understanding of the interrelated musical dimensions.

They will use voice expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes with growing confidence.

able to find the pulse, listen to and copy back a rhythm using clapping and voice, showing some awareness of pitch. Children will learn to recognise different instruments from their sounds and recall some of their names.

Skills

They will know what the songs are about. Children will know that music is made of different dimensions and can name some of them. They will know the words to a song from memory and learn the names and sounds of different instruments (string, wind, brass and percussion). Children will know the importance of warming up their voices and using good posture when singing.

Key Vocabulary

Pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, tempo, melody, project, composer, conductor,

RE

CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ı
	Christians		Jews/Christians		Muslims/Christians/Jews		l
Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt about the similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions (ELG)		Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt about the similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions (ELG)		Prior Learning (EYFS) Children have learnt about the similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions (ELG)			
	Knowledge Children will know what Ch	ristians believe God is like.	Knowledge Children will know who a Je	ew is, what they believe	Knowledge Children will know who a M	luslim is, what they	l

They will also know why Christmas matter to Christians and how and why we celebrate special times.

Skills

The children will learn to show respect for other faiths and religions. They will also learn to take turns when talking, how to listen well and to respect other people's opinions.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold) Christian, God, church, pray, believe/belief, forgive, kind, Christ, Christmas, loving, parable, father, worship, nativity, Mary, angels, manger, wise men, shepherds, stable, Bethlehem,

Future Learning (Year 2)

Children will learn how and why Christians celebrate significant times. They will understand what makes some celebrations sacred to believers and will explore what can be learned from sacred books and stories.

and how they live. They will also learn why Easter matter to Christians.

Skills

The children will learn to show respect for other faiths and religions. They will also learn to take turns when talking, how to listen well and to respect other people's opinions.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Jew, Judaism, synagogue, rabbi, mezuzah, kosher, Star of David, kippah, Torah, Shabbat, Hanukkah, menorah, Ark, scroll, hebrew

Future Learning (Year 2)

Children will learn how we care for others and the Earth, and why it matters.

believe and how they live. They will know what makes some places significant as well as what makes some places sacred to believers.

Skills

The children will learn to show respect for other faiths and religions. They will also learn to take turns when talking, how to listen well and to respect other people's opinions.

Key Vocabulary (new vocab in bold)

Muslim, Islam, Allah, Iman, mosque, crescent moon, star, Arabic, Qur'an, Shahadah, the five pillars,

Future Learning (Year 2)

Children will learn who is an inspiring person and what stories inspire Christians, Muslims and Jews. They will also learn what the 'good news' is that Christians believe Jesus brings.

PSHE

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Me and My	Rights and Respect	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Growing and	Being my Best
Relationships				Changing	
	Prior Learning (EYFS)	Prior Learning	Prior Learning (EYFS)		Prior Learning (EYFS)
Prior Learning (EYFS)	Children will have used	(EYFS) Children will	Children will have learnt	Prior Learning (EYFS)	Children will have learnt
Children have learnt to	everyday language to	have learnt that other	the importance for good	Children will have made	the importance for good
show sensitivity to	talk about size, weigh,	children don't always	health, of physical	observations of animals	health, of physical
others' needs and	capacity, position, time	enjoy the same	exercise and a healthy	and plants and explain	exercise and a healthy
feelings, and form	and money to compare	things, and are sensitive	diet, and talk about	why some things occur,	diet, and talk about
positive relationships	quantities and objects	to this. (ELG) They will	ways to keep	and talk about	ways to keep healthy
with adults and other	and to solve problems.	also have learnt about	healthy and safe. (ELG)	changes. (ELG)	and safe. (ELG)
children. (ELG)	(ELG) They will also	similarities and			
	have learnt to manage	differences between	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>
<u>Knowledge</u>	their own basic hygiene	themselves and others,	Children will know	Children will know some	Children will know the
Children will know	and personal needs	and among	some ways to keep	simple bodily processes	importance of fruit and
about why rules in the	successfully. (ELG)	families, communities	themselves fit and	associated with	vegetables in their daily
classroom are		and traditions. (ELG)	healthy, including why	themselves. They will	diet and that eating at
important and how they	<u>Knowledge</u>		sleep is so important.	know some ways to	least five portions a day
can help them to	Children will know that	<u>Knowledge</u>	They will know some	meet the basic needs	helps to maintain health.

maintain good relationships with their peers and adults. They will also begin to understand what feelings and emotions are and how such things can make our bodies feel. They will know who they can turn to for help with difficult emotions and will begin to explore how to recognise different feelings and emotions in others.

Skills

Children will begin to learn how to manage their own feelings and how to interact with others in a way that is thoughtful and tolerant.

Key Vocabulary

Rules, feelings, emotions, happy, sad, worried, angry, nervous, excited, surprised,

Future Learning (Y2)

Pupils will use a range of words to describe feelings.

They will understand the difference between teasing and bullying and will be able to identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. good basic personal hygiene is important to stay healthy. They will know some ways to help look after our school environment as well as how to show respect towards people and property. They will begin to explore the value of money as well as some basic first aid.

Skills

Children will learn how to wash their hands properly. They will learn how to keep their bodies clean as well as how to brush their teeth. They will be able to identify the different coins and notes that we use in this country and will begin to identify their relative value.

Key Vocabulary

Money, pound, penny, pence, coin, note, value, job, bank, earn, clean, wash, brush, toothpaste, toothbrush, soap, shampoo, hygiene, first aid,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will make suggestions for improving the school environment and recognise everyone has a responsibility for looking after it. They will also understand

Children will know that there are ways in which they are similar and different to others. They will know that these similarities and differences should be respected. Children will know what tolerance is. They will begin to explore the differences between being unkind, teasing and bullying and will know what to do and who they can go to for help in these situations. Children will begin to know what fairness is and how we can demonstrate such knowledge when interacting with others.

Skills

Children will continue to learn how to recognise and demonstrate tolerance, respect and understanding.

Key Vocabulary

Bullying, teasing, unkind, tolerance, respect, fairness, unfair, similar, different,

Future Learning (Y2)

Children will identify people who are special and explain some of the

emotions associated with feeling unsafe and know who could help them when they feel this way. Children will know some feelings associated with different types of loss. They will understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill and will be able to explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. They will know the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch and that some body parts are private. Finally, children will begin to learn a few ways on how they can stav safe on the

physical feelings and

<u>Skills</u>

internet.

Children will be able to recognise and link the physical feelings in their bodies with certain emotions. They will be able to discuss what medicine is for and how to keep safe around it. They will also be able to discuss the differences between appropriate and inappropriate touch.

of a baby and will be able to identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and now and people that helped them at those different stages. Children will understand the differences between a secret and a nice surprise. They will know which body parts are private and the correct terms for such parts. They will also know ways in which private parts can be kept private and who they can talk to about such body parts.

Skills

Children will be able to discuss what different parts of the body do using the correct terminology. They will also be able to discuss the concept of privacy relating to certain body parts.

Key Vocabulary

Heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain, oxygen, ribs, chest, baby, needs, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing, feeding, toddler, then, now, secret, surprise, penis, vulva, They will know how diseases can spread and will recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases. Children will recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely. They will also know how to demonstrate attentive listening skills and will know what it feels like to give and receive positive feedback. Finally, children will recognise how a person's behaviour can affect other people.

Skills

Children will be able to discuss the importance of a healthy diet and will be able to demonstrate how to prevent the spread of disease by using strategies such as washing their hands. Children will be able to use attentive listening skills and will be able to give and receive positive feedback.

Key Vocabulary

meat, fish, beans, nuts, protein, milk, cheese, yoghurt, dairy, fruit, vegetable, five a day, carbohydrate, starchy,

that people choices about they do with money.	out what special.	Key Vocabulary Appropriate, inappropriate, safe, unsafe, body parts, private, touch, medicine, responsibility, internet safety, feelings, sleep, healthy, loss, emotions, fit Future Learning (Y2) Children will identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel. They will learn about situations in which one would feel safe or unsafe, and also suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help.	Future Learning (Y2) Children will identify different stages of growth (eg baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult) and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages. They will also identify which parts of the human body are private.	bread, pasta, cereal, rice, energy, hygiene, disease, germs, learning, skill, resilience, determination, challenge, practice, kind, unkind, helpful, unhelpful, promise, behaviour, Future Learning (Y2) Children will learn how germs can be spread. They will understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen. They will also recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health.
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